

Michael Jordan Activity Bundle

Integrated Reading and

Math Activities

For Grades 5-8

9 INTEGRATED ACTIVITIES
Perfect for Interactive Notebooks
Perfect for Morning Work or Assessments

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LEARNING + FUN

ANSWERS

Name	Answers
Michael Jordan Reading Comprehension	C, D, C, C, A, C, C
Michael Jordan vs Lebron James Compare and Contrast Reading Comprehension	B, C, A, A, B

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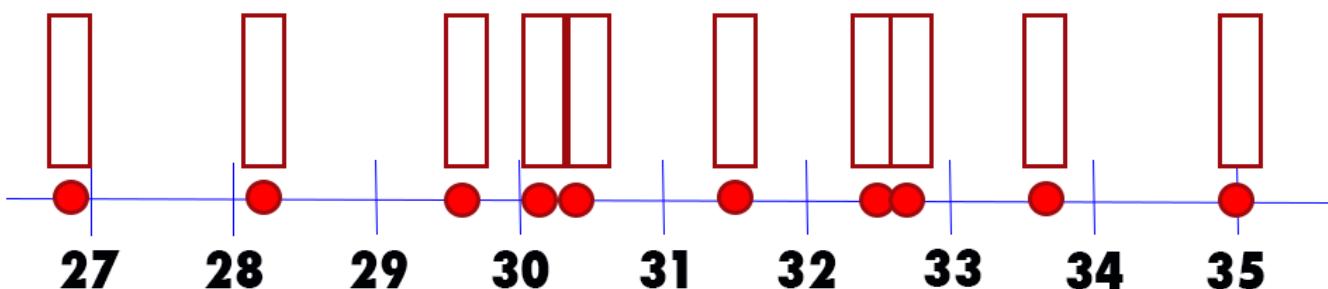
Michael Jordan Basketball Card Math

Name _____

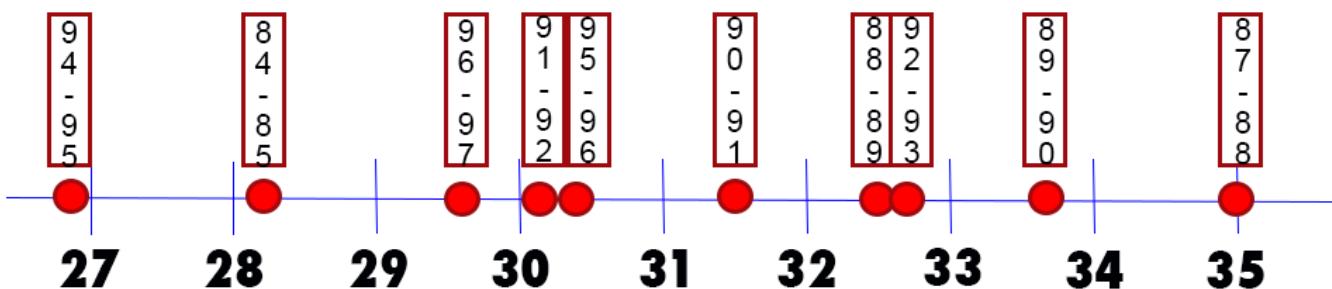
Directions: Look at Michael Jordan's scoring average for his first ten years and then look at the number line provided for you. On top of each point on the number line, indicate the correct year.

Scoring Average for Michael Jordan (points per game)	
1984-1985	28.2
1985-1986	22.7
1986-1987	37.1
1987-1988	35.0
1988-1989	32.5
1989-1990	33.6
1990-1991	31.5
1991-1992	30.1
1992-1993	32.6
1994-1995	26.9
1995-1996	30.4
1996-1997	29.6

In the blanks above the number line, fill in the correct year. For example, for 1984-1985, you can use "84-85." The two extreme averages, or outliers, are not represented on the chart below.



Answers



Measures of Central Tendency

Name _____

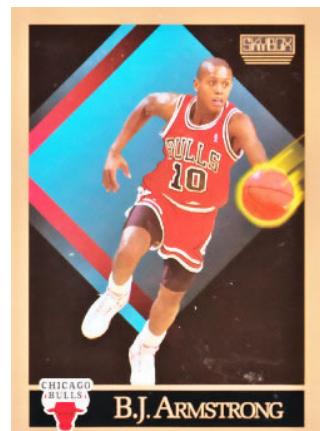
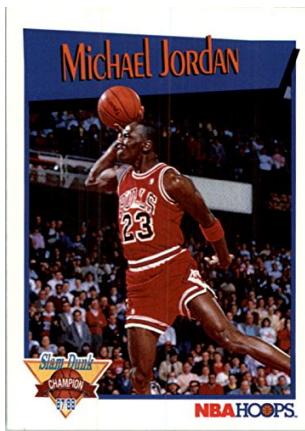
Below is a chart that shows the heights (in inches) of the 1991-1992 Chicago Bulls basketball team. Your job is to find the mean, median, mode, and range for height. First, let's review the definitions of each.

Mean – Average

Median – Middle Number

Mode – Most Common Number

Range – Difference between highest number and lowest number

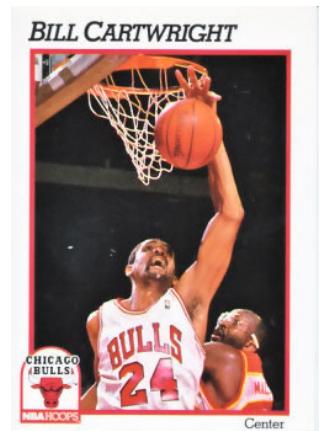
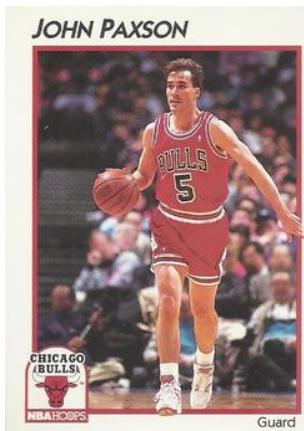
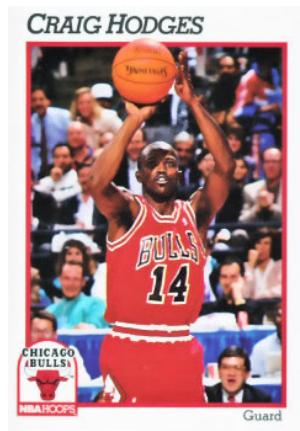
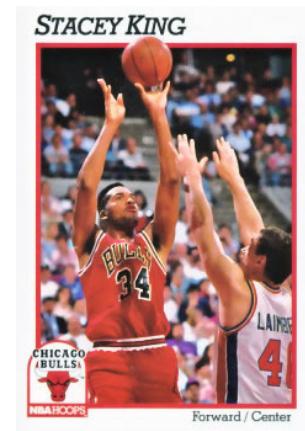


Michael Jordan
78 inches

Scottie Pippen
79 inches

Horace Grant
82 inches

B.J. Armstrong
74 inches



Stacey King
83 inches

Craig Hodges
74 inches

John Paxson
74 inches

Bill Cartwright
85 inches

1. What is the mean height in inches for the Chicago Bulls players? To mind the mean, find the total number of inches and divide by the number of players.
2. What is the median height in inches of the Chicago Bulls players? To find median, line each player's height from least to greatest and find the middle number. In this case, you'll have to find the two middle numbers, add them together, and divide by two.
3. What is the mode in inches of the Chicago Bulls players? Simply find the most common height?
4. What is the range of heights in inches for the Chicago Bulls players? To find range, simply subtract the lowest value from the highest value.

Answers:

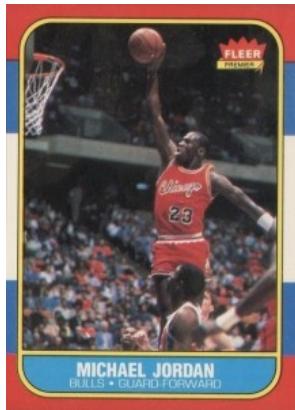
1. **78.625 inches (rounded up – 79 inches, or 6'7")**

2. 74 | 74 | 74 | 78 | 79 | 82 | 83 | 85

Median = 78.5 inches (rounded up – 79 inches, or 6'7")

3. Mode = 74 inches

4. $85 - 74 = 11$ inches

“Air” vs “King”

Michael Jordan



LeBron James

Both Michael Jordan and LeBron James are considered among the greatest professional basketball players to have ever lived, although they never played head-to-head, as Jordan retired just before James played his first game. Both players were incredible scorers, amazing defenders, bloodthirsty competitors, and trend-setting icons of the NBA. Michael Jordan was voted into the professional basketball Hall-of-Fame in 2009 and LeBron James will be voted in as soon he is eligible. At the time this article was written (in 2018), LeBron James was still considered the best player in the NBA. The question is: Who was better – “Air” Jordan or “King” James?

For Jordan – This is an easy argument. Michael Jordan was clearly the better player. First and foremost, he won all six NBA championships he played in. Furthermore, he was named MVP in all six! Even though LeBron has played in seven NBA Finals, he has only been victorious three times. That means LeBron and his team lost four NBA championships. Winning championships is the easiest way to judge a player’s greatness.

Jordan’s accolades are endless. He won the NBA scoring title ten times (compared to just one scoring title for James) and was named the NBA’s most valuable player a mind-blowing five times! Jordan was so good at basketball, that after this third NBA championship, he took a year off to play baseball. When he came back to the NBA, he promptly won three consecutive championships all over again with the Bulls. I know LeBron is great, but no one can compare to Jordan.

Rebuttal For James – Jordan may have won all six championships he played in, but James has already played in seven and has several more years to play. Championships aren’t necessarily the best way to measure how great a player is, although three is nothing to “sneeze” at.

At the age of 34, LeBron James already has more career assists, rebounds, and three-point baskets made than Jordan had in his entire career. If he plays to 40, (like Jordan did) he’ll easily surpass him on the NBA’s all-time points scored list. LeBron is the most versatile player the NBA has ever seen and can play point guard, shooting guard, and both forward positions. Obviously Jordan was a great player, but Jordan couldn’t play four positions.

1. Which of the following makes it difficult to judge who was better?

- A. Michael Jordan played baseball for a year
- B. LeBron James is still playing professional basketball
- C. Jordan and James played in different cities
- D. Both Jordan and James played in a lot of NBA championships

2. The first author believes...

- A. a player's greatness can be judged by how many points he scores.
- B. a player's greatness can be judged by how many championships he participates in.
- C. a player's greatness can be judged by how many championships he wins.
- D. a player's greatness can be judged by how many All-star games he plays in.

3. What does the second author suggest?

- A. If LeBron James plays as long as Michael Jordan, he may win more championships and pass him on the all-time scoring list
- B. If LeBron James plays as long as Michael Jordan, he might become a more versatile player
- C. If LeBron James plays as long as Michael Jordan, he might accumulate more assists and rebounds than Jordan
- D. Being is seven total championships is better than winning six.

4. What does “versatile” mean as used in the following sentence?

LeBron is the most versatile player the NBA has ever seen and can play point guard, shooting guard, and both forward positions.

- A. Multitalented
- B. Complicated
- C. Similar
- D. Abundant

5. What do Jordan and James have in common?

- A. They have been in the same number of NBA championships
- B. They were both great defenders
- C. They are both currently in the Professional Basketball Hall-of-Fame
- D. They both played at the same time

Michael Jordan Basketball Card Math

Name _____

Fill in the estimated percentage for three-point basket percentage and free-throw percentage.

Percentages are found in these cases by dividing the number made (for example three-point baskets) by the number attempted and multiplying by 100. For example, in the 1984-1985 season, Michael Jordan attempted 52 three-point shots and made 9 of them.

$$9 \text{ divided by } 52 = .173$$

$$.173 (100) = 17.3\%$$

Hence, in the 1984-1985 season, Michael Jordan made 17.3 percent of his three-point baskets he tried.

That same year, he attempted 746 free-throws and made 630

$$630 \text{ divided by } 746 = .845$$

$$.845 (100) = 84.5\%$$

Hence, in the 1984-1985 season, Michael Jordan made 84.5 percent of free-throws he tried.

Often times, it is useful to be able to look at the numbers can calculate a rough estimate of statistics such as percentages. See how well you can estimate below. Fill in the blanks below using your best estimations. We would obviously expect free-throw percentage to be much higher than three-point percentage.

Year	3 pointers made	3-pointers attempted	Estimated percentage	Free-throws made	Free-throws attempted	Estimated percentage
1991-92	27	100		491	590	
1992-93	81	230		476	569	
1995-96	111	260		548	657	
1996-97	111	297		480	576	
1997-98	30	126		565	721	

Answers:

Year	3 pointers made	3-pointers attempted	Estimated percentage	Free-throws made	Free-throws attempted	Estimated percentage
1991-92	27	100	27%	491	590	83%
1992-93	81	230	35%	476	569	84%
1995-96	111	260	43%	548	657	83%
1996-97	111	297	37%	480	576	83%
1997-98	30	126	24%	565	721	78%

Fact or Fiction?

Name: _____

Below is a biography on Michael Jordan. On the following page is a chart with ten statements. Indicate whether each statement is fact or fiction.

High School and College Star

Michael Jordan was born on February 17, 1963, in Brooklyn, New York. Soon after he was born, his parents moved the family to Wilmington, North Carolina. Michael excelled at sports from an early age. Although he was cut from the Laney High School varsity basketball team his sophomore year in high school, he grew four inches over the summer and averaged 25 points per game as a junior. During his senior year, he became the only player in high school basketball history to average a triple-double (at least 10 points, 10 rebounds, and 10 assists per game). That year, 1982, he was named a McDonald's High School All-American and received a scholarship to play basketball at the University of North Carolina. Michael quickly became a star. During his freshman year, he hit the game-winning shot against Georgetown University that resulted in a national championship. After his junior year, Jordan decided to leave North Carolina to enter the NBA draft.

The Birth of Greatness

In the draft, the Chicago Bulls picked Jordan third overall. Jordan's impact on the NBA (National Basketball Association) was legendary. During his rookie season with the Bulls, he scored 40 points or more seven times. In addition, Jordan made the NBA All-Star team and won the Rookie of the Year award. After sitting out much of the 1985–1986 season because of a foot injury, Jordan's exploits on the basketball court continued to astound fans, coaches, and fellow players. In the 1986–1987 season, he averaged an unheard of 37.1 points per game, which was the highest of his career.

The Jordan Way

From making spectacularly unimaginable shots, to winning slam-dunk contests, the high-flying, tongue-wagging Jordan soon became the most popular athlete in the world. Intimidating and extremely competitive, he had a knack for hitting game-winning shots and playing tenacious defense. He established marketing deals with some of the world's largest companies such as Nike, Haines, Gatorade, McDonald's, Wheaties, and MCI. Nike's Air Jordan shoe line became one of the most popular of all time. One Gatorade commercial that featured Jordan and the song "If I Could be Like Mike," is one of the most recognizable commercials involving a professional athlete in TV history. He even starred in the film "Space Jam."

Three World Championships

Despite his success both on the court and off, Jordan and the Chicago Bulls failed to make the NBA Finals until 1991, when they finally defeated the rival Detroit Pistons in the Eastern Conference Semifinals. That year, they defeated the Los Angeles Lakers to win the NBA championship and Michael Jordan was named MVP. Jordan and his Chicago Bulls teammates went on to win three consecutive championships from 1991–1993. Michael won the Most Valuable Player in the NBA finals each time. He also won an Olympic gold medal (actually, his second) as one of the captains of America's "Dream Team" in 1992.

From Basketball to Baseball, and Back to Basketball

In 1994, however, Jordan announced his (first) retirement from basketball to pursue his dream of playing baseball. He played for the Birmingham Barons, a minor league affiliate of the Chicago White Sox. Michael was less than successful in baseball. He only batted .203 and was never called up to the Major Leagues. In 1995, Michael Jordan decided to come back to the NBA and briefly wore the number "45" because "23" had already been retired by the Bulls. He would go on to lead the Bulls to three more NBA championships. Once again, he was selected as the MVP of the NBA Finals each time. On January 13, 1999, with seemingly nothing more to prove or accomplish, Michael Jordan retired for a second time.

New Challenges in the Nation's Capital

Despite his retirement, Jordan could not let go of his competitive urges. In 2001–2002, after serving as an executive for the Washington Wizards, Jordan returned to the court as a guard for them. Although his skills had declined, he averaged 22.9 points per game. On February 21, 2003, he became the first 40-year-old player to score 40 points in a game. On April 16, 2003, Jordan played his very last game in the NBA against the Philadelphia 76ers. The normally harsh Philadelphia fans gave him a three-minute standing ovation. In addition, the Miami Heat retired the number "23," even though Jordan had never played for them. Jordan retired forever after the 2003 season. He ended his career as the NBA's third all-time leading scorer with 32,292 total points. He led the NBA in scoring ten times during his career and made the NBA all-defensive team nine times.

Today, Michael Jordan is still involved with the NBA as the owner of the Charlotte Bobcats.

	FACT	FICTION
Michael Jordan currently owns an NBA team.		
Michael's last game was against the Philadelphia 76ers		
Michael was cut from his high school team!		
After his senior year at the University of North Carolina, Jordan decided to enter the NBA Draft.		
Michael Jordan became the first forty-year-old player to score forty points in a game.		
The Bulls won their first NBA championship against the Detroit Pistons.		
Michael Jordan was forced to sit out the 1984-1985 season with a foot injury.		
Michael Jordan played baseball with a minor-league team affiliated with the Chicago Cubs.		
Michael Jordan was born in New York and grew up in North Carolina.		
When he played baseball, Michael Jordan briefly made it to the Major Leagues.		
In 1986-87, Jordan recorded his highest average point total per game.		

Answers:

	FACT	FICTION
Michael Jordan currently owns an NBA team.	X	
Michael's last game was against the Philadelphia 76ers	X	
Michael was cut from his high school team!	X	
After his senior year at the University of North Carolina, Jordan decided to enter the NBA Draft.		X
Michael Jordan became the first forty-year-old player to score forty points in a game.	X	
The Bulls won their first NBA championship against the Detroit Pistons.		X
Michael Jordan was forced to sit out the 1984-1985 season with a foot injury.		X
Michael Jordan played baseball with a minor-league team affiliated with the Chicago Cubs.		X
Michael Jordan was born in New York and grew up in North Carolina.	X	
When he played baseball, Michael Jordan briefly made it to the Major Leagues.		X
In 1986-87, Jordan recorded his highest average point total per game.	X	

Michael Jordan: Main Idea and Supporting Detail Sentences

Name: _____

Below are three headings at the beginnings of paragraphs. Below the chart are the associated supporting detail sentences. Which sentences would appear under which heading? Use the numbers before the sentences so you don't have to write the entire sentence. Order matters!

The Birth of Greatness	Business Bonanza	New Challenges in the Nation's Capital

1. He became a brand ambassador for Nike shoes, and his Air Jordan brand would become one of the most popular sports apparel lines in history.
2. After retiring for the second time, and after winning six NBA titles, and numerous other personal awards and MVP's, Jordan decided to return to the court with the Washington Wizards.
3. He also scored endorsement deals with Gatorade, Hanes, and even starred in the 1996 movie Space Jam.
4. His impact on the Bulls, and the NBA in general was immediate.
5. Michael Jordan was made the third overall pick in the 1984 NBA draft by the Chicago Bulls.
6. In his rookie year (first year), he scored forty or more points seven times and won the NBA Rookie of the Year Award.
7. Jordan's incredible performance on the basketball court soon led to lucrative business opportunities.
8. On February 21, 2003, Jordan became the first forty-year-old player to score forty points in a game, when he scored 43 in the Wizards victory over the New Jersey Nets.

The Birth of Greatness	Business Bonanza	New Challenges in the Nation's Capital
5	7	2
4	1	8
6	3	

Early Life

Roberto Clemente Walker was born on August 18, 1934, in Barrio San Anton, Carolina, Puerto Rico. Growing up, Roberto played baseball and participated in track and field.

Baseball Career

Roberto made a major impact in both the Pirates and Major League Baseball. He played outfield with the Pittsburgh Pirates from 1955 to 1972. He was selected for the National League All-Star team 15 times, won 12 Gold Glove Awards, and won four National League batting titles. Ironically, the last hit in Roberto's baseball career was his 3000th.

Humanitarian Efforts

Roberto was famous for helping people in need across the United States and Central America and held free baseball clinics for children in Puerto Rico. He became the honorary chairman of an earthquake relief committee that raised \$150,000 and gathered nearly 26 tons of relief supplies for people in Nicaragua. Tragically, on New Year's Eve, he died when the plane he was on to deliver the supplies crashed into the Atlantic Ocean.

Michael Jordan Printable Reading Comprehension

Name _____

Michael Jordan was born on February 17, 1963, in Brooklyn, New York. Soon after he was born, his parents moved the family to Wilmington, North Carolina. Michael excelled at sports from an early age. Although he was cut from the Laney High School varsity basketball team his sophomore year in high school, he grew four inches over the summer and averaged 25 points per game as a junior. During his senior year, he became the only player in high school basketball history to average a triple-double (at least 10 points, 10 rebounds, and 10 assists per game). That year, 1982, he was named a McDonald's High School All-American and received a scholarship to play basketball at the University of North Carolina. Michael quickly became a star. During his freshman year, he hit the game-winning shot against Georgetown University that resulted in a national championship. After his junior year, Jordan decided to leave North Carolina to enter the NBA draft.

In the draft, the Chicago Bulls picked Jordan third overall. Jordan's impact on the NBA (National Basketball Association) was legendary. During his rookie season with the Bulls, he scored 40 points or more seven times. In addition, Jordan made the NBA All-Star team and won the Rookie of the Year award. After sitting out much of the 1985–1986 season because of a foot injury, Jordan's exploits on the basketball court continued to astound fans, coaches, and fellow players. In the 1986–1987 season, he averaged an unheard of 37.1 points per game, which was the highest of his career.

From making spectacularly unimaginable shots, to winning slam-dunk contests, the high-flying, tongue-wagging Jordan soon became the most popular athlete in the world. Intimidating and extremely competitive, he had a knack for hitting game-winning shots and playing tenacious defense. He established marketing deals with some of the world's largest companies such as Nike, Haines, Gatorade, McDonald's, Wheaties, and MCI. Nike's Air Jordan shoe line became one of the most popular of all time. One Gatorade commercial that featured Jordan and the song "If I Could be Like Mike," is one of the most recognizable commercials involving a professional athlete in TV history. He even starred in the Disney film "Space Jam."

Despite his success both on the court and off, Jordan and the Chicago Bulls failed to make the NBA Finals until 1991, when they finally defeated the rival Detroit Pistons in the Eastern Conference Semifinals. That year, they defeated the Los Angeles Lakers to win the NBA championship and Michael Jordan was named MVP. Jordan and his Chicago Bulls teammates went on to win three consecutive championships from 1991–1993. Michael won the Most Valuable Player in the NBA finals each time. He also won an Olympic gold medal (actually, his second) as one of the captains of America's "Dream Team" in 1992.

In 1994, however, Jordan announced his (first) retirement from basketball to pursue his dream of playing baseball. He played for the Birmingham Barons, a minor league affiliate of the Chicago White Sox. Michael was less than successful in baseball. He only batted .203 and was never called up to the Major Leagues. In 1995, Michael Jordan decided to come back to the NBA and briefly wore the number "45" because "23" had already been retired by the Bulls. He would go on to lead the Bulls to three more NBA championships. Once again, he was selected as the MVP of the NBA Finals each time. On January 13, 1999, with seemingly nothing more to prove or accomplish, Michael Jordan retired for a second time. Despite his retirement, Jordan could not let go of his competitive urges. In 2001–2002, after serving as an executive for the Washington Wizards, Jordan returned to the court as a guard for them. Although his skills had declined, he averaged 22.9 points per game. On February 21, 2003, he became the first 40-year-old player to score 40 points in a game. On April 16, 2003, Jordan played his very last game in the NBA against the Philadelphia 76ers. The normally harsh Philadelphia fans gave him a three-minute standing ovation. In addition, the Miami Heat retired the number "23," even though Jordan had never played for them. Jordan retired forever after the 2003 season. He ended his career as the NBA's third all-time leading scorer with 32,292 total points. He led the NBA in scoring ten times during his career and made the NBA all-defensive team nine times.

Today, Michael Jordan is still involved with the NBA as the owner of the Charlotte Bobcats.

- 1. What happened between Michael's sophomore and junior years in high school?**
 - A. He scored 25 points per game as a junior
 - B. He averaged a triple-double per game
 - C. He grew four inches
 - D. He was offered a scholarship to Georgetown University
- 2. Which of the following was true about Michael's college career?**
 - A. He was part of a team that won a national championship
 - B. He left college after his junior year to enter into the NBA draft
 - C. He attended the University of North Carolina
 - D. All of the Above
- 3. Which of the following statements best describes how Jordan's NBA career started?**
 - A. He had growing pains
 - B. He fizzled out early in his career
 - C. He was an immediate star
 - D. His first two years were the best two years of his career
- 4. If the answer to a question is "1986-1987," what could be the question?**
 - A. In what season was Jordan drafted?
 - B. In what season did Jordan suffer a series foot injury?
 - C. In what season did Jordan have the highest scoring average in his career?
 - D. In what season did the Bulls make its first NBA finals?
- 5. Which is NOT true about Michael Jordan?**
 - A. He also enjoyed a successful baseball career
 - B. He starred in a Disney film
 - C. He was on teams that won six combined NBA championships
 - D. He won two Olympic medals
- 6. Why did Michael Jordan retire for the second time?**
 - A. He was getting old
 - B. He was injured
 - C. He had nothing left to accomplish
 - D. He felt his days of winning NBA championships were over
- 7. Which of the following best supports the notion that Jordan was one of the most respected athletes of all time?**
 - A. He averaged 22.9 points per game with the Washington Wizards
 - B. He became the first player to score 40 points in a game at age 40
 - C. Even the harsh fans in Philadelphia gave him a standing ovation
 - D. He is now the owner of the Charlotte Bobcats

Sequencing the Life of Michael Jordan

Name: _____

Instructions: Read the narrative on Michael Jordan. Then, sequence the events from earliest to latest.

High School and College Star

Michael Jordan was born on February 17, 1963, in Brooklyn, New York. Soon after he was born, his parents moved the family to Wilmington, North Carolina. Michael excelled at sports from an early age. Although he was cut from the Laney High School varsity basketball team his sophomore year in high school, he grew four inches over the summer and averaged 25 points per game as a junior. During his senior year, he became the only player in high school basketball history to average a triple-double (at least 10 points, 10 rebounds, and 10 assists per game). That year, 1982, he was named a McDonald's High School All-American and received a scholarship to play basketball at the University of North Carolina. Michael quickly became a star. During his freshman year, he hit the game-winning shot against Georgetown University that resulted in a national championship. After his junior year, Jordan decided to leave North Carolina to enter the NBA draft.

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From Basketball to Baseball, and Back to Basketball

In 1994, however, Jordan announced his (first) retirement from basketball to pursue his dream of playing baseball. He played for the Birmingham Barons, a minor league affiliate of the Chicago White Sox. Michael was less than successful in baseball. He only batted .203 and was never called up to the Major Leagues. In 1995, Michael Jordan decided to come back to the NBA and briefly wore the number "45" because "23" had already been retired by the Bulls. He would go on to lead the Bulls to three more NBA championships. Once again, he was selected as the MVP of the NBA Finals each time. On January 13, 1999, with seemingly nothing more to prove or accomplish, Michael Jordan retired for a second time.

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Despite his retirement, Jordan could not let go of his competitive urges. In 2001–2002, after serving as an executive for the Washington Wizards, Jordan returned to the court as a guard for them. Although his skills had declined, he averaged 22.9 points per game. On February 21, 2003, he became the first 40-year-old player to score 40 points in a game. On April 16, 2003, Jordan played his very last game in the NBA against the Philadelphia 76ers. The normally harsh Philadelphia fans gave him a three-minute standing ovation. In addition, the Miami Heat retired the number "23," even though Jordan had never played for them. Jordan retired forever after the 2003 season. He ended his career as the NBA's third all-time leading scorer with 32,292 total points. He led the NBA in scoring ten times during his career and made the NBA all-defensive team nine times.

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Event	From Earliest to Latest
Michael Jordan retired from basketball and the joined the Birmingham Barons.	
Michael Jordan played his last NBA game.	
Michael Jordan briefly wore number “45.”	
Michael was named a McDonalds high school All-American.	
Michael won his second Olympic Gold Medal.	
2000.	
Michael Jordan became owner of the Charlotte Bobcats.	
Michael Jordan averaged 37.1 points per game	
Michael Jordan was cut from his high-school team	
Michael Jordan served as an executive with the Washington Wizards.	

Answers

Event	From Earliest to Latest
Michael Jordan retired from basketball and the joined the Birmingham Barons.	5
Michael Jordan played his last NBA game.	9
Michael Jordan briefly wore number “45.”	6
Michael was named a McDonalds high school All-American.	2
Michael won his second Olympic Gold Medal.	4
2000.	7
Michael Jordan became owner of the Charlotte Bobcats.	10
Michael Jordan averaged 37.1 points per game	3
Michael Jordan was cut from his high-school team	1
Michael Jordan served as an executive with the Washington Wizards.	8

Michael Jordan Cloze Reading for Grades 4-6

Name _____

Directions: Fill in the correct blanks

Michael Jordan is widely _____ one of the greatest _____ in sports history. Not only did he end his career as the National Basketball Association's third leading scorer of all time, but he led his Chicago Bulls to six championships and was voted Most Valuable Player in all six. He will be forever _____ for his incredible slam-dunks, _____ moves, and game-winning shots.

Jordan was also one most _____ business people in sports history. He signed _____ deals with many major companies such as McDonalds, Gatorade, MCI, and Wheaties. Many of the commercials he _____ in, such as Gatorade's "If I could be Like Mike," became instant _____.

Words:

successful

remembered

classics

considered

acrobatic

endorsement

athletes

starred